on the Tungabhadra, is a fine and well built Vīrasaiva matha, with simple but good ornamentation.

The extensive fortifications of the upper fort of Chitaldrug are good specimens of the military buildings of the latter part of the 18th century, erected in the time of Haidar Alī and Tīpu Sultān with the assistance probably of French Engineers. They contain immense granaries and pits for storing oil and ghee. Also, a number of temples of much older date. The mahal or palace erected by Tīpu Sultān in the inner fort below is used as a cutcherry. The quadruple mill in the arsenal was probably intended for preparing gunpowder.

At the beginning of the flight of steps leading to Jatingarāmēsvara hill, in Chitaldrug District, is a Ganēsa temple, which is noteworthy for its Ganēsa, which has only two hands which is considered to be a speciality. According to text-writers, an image of Ganēsa may have four, six, eight, ten or sixteen arms. In the majority of cases, however, the image has only four arms, one with two arms being a rarity. (Vide T. A. Gopinatha Rao, E.H.I. I. 35).

## SECTION III.—ECONOMIC.

## GENERAL AGRICULTURAL CONDITIONS.

A description of the soil of the District has been given Soils. in Section I Descriptive. In some taluks, especially in the Challakere taluk, the soil is very inferior and so the lands lose their fertility after they yield crop for a year or two. The raivats therefore relinquish the lands after a year or two and apply for fresh ones. The number of Darkhasts for lands and their relinquishments are consequently very large in this Taluk.

## CHIEF AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS.

Net area cropped.

The following table gives particulars of the area available for cultivation in the District and the net area cropped, during the years 1920-21 to 1924-25:—

	Year		Area of the District	Area avail- able for cultivation	Cultivable waste not in occu- pancy	
	1		2	3	4	
1920-21 1921-22 1922-23 1923-24 1924-25	••		26,21,480 26,21,513 26,21,472 26,21,472 26,21,474	15,88,383 15,86,160 15,85,824 15,84,781 15,97,660	93,812 96,209 97,781 97,287 97,296	
	Year		Cultivable area under occupancy	Current fallows	Net area cropped	
			5	6	7	
1920-21 1921-22 1922-23 1923-24 1924-25	••	• •	14,90,326 14,89,851 14,88,043 14,87,494 15,00,364	4,32,599 4,50,958 4,37,569 4,77,205 3,55,872	10,57,727 10,38,893 10,50,474 10,10,289 11,44,492	

Area of crops raised.

Area of different crops that were raised during the years 1920-21 to 1924-25 is given in the following table:—

Year	Food grains and pulses	Oil seeds	Condiments and spices	Sugar	Fibre
1	2	3	4	5	6
1920-21 1921-22 1922-23 1923-24 1924-25	8,84,892 8,99,714 9,06,656 8,15,857 9,06,495	72,271 83,583 76,117 97,653 1,17,488	17,018 16,305 15,751 18,470 18,963	1,445 1,542 2,243 1,178 869	89,479 46,526 68,872 69,922 92,677

Statement showing the area of different crops that were raised during the years 1920-21 to 1924-25, etc.—concld.

Year	Dyes and Narcotics	Fodder crops	Fruits and vegeta-bles	Miscella- neous	Total
	7	8	9	10	11
1920-21 1921-22 1922-23 1923-24 1924-25	3763 4815 4450 4585 5218	28 62 69 20 2,164	1,008 6,095 5,749 3,734 3,418	6,461 3,439 3,486 3,568 4,205	10,76,365 10,62,081 10,83,393 10,17,416 11,54,392

A table showing the number and extent of different hold-Holdings. ings under cultivation in the District during the years 1920-21 to 1924-25 is given below:—

Year		Holdings not exceeding one acre in extent		acre l	Holdings exceeding one acre but not exce ing five acre		ne ceed-		e acr	es but
		No.	Extent	No. Extent		No.	E	xtent		
1		2	3	4 5		5	6		7	
1920-21 1921-22 1922-23 1923-24 1924-25	•••	1,244 1,247 1,287 1,213 1,178	1,247 1,247 1,315 1,122 1,105	12,8 12,9 12,9	12,913 46,833 12,888 18,802 12,964 18,802 12,973 47,835 13,210 53,480		19,059 1,51,376 18,860 19,125 19,068	1,5 1,5 1,5	4,103 1,376 3,451 5,994 7,089	
Year	ir	ıg 10 a	exceed- eres but eding 50 es	excee excee	bu	g 50 t not g 100	acre	ove 100 s but not ceeding 0 acres		bove 500 acres
		No.	Extent	No.	E	xtent	No.	Extent	No.	Extent
		8	9	10		11	12	13	14	15
1920-21 1921-22 1922-23 1923-24 1924-25	3 3		7,72,001 7,74,064 7,72,225 7,72,186 7,62,024	4,863 4,769 4,744 4,731 4,715	3,5 3,5 3,5	2,595 2,563 1,449 0,094 6,800	966 958 938 923 905	1,54,937 1,55,194 1,53,710 1,54,108 1,93,716	11 11 11 8 6	8,584 8,584 8,584 6,615 6,150

Holders.

A statement showing the number of holders classified according to the amount of revenue paid during 1920-21, to 1924-25 is given below:—

Year	Year			as- li of ow	He	Holders paying Rs. 5 but not exceeding Rs. 25		
•		No.		ount aid		No.	Amount paid	
1		2		3		4	5	
1920–21	• •	18,84	3 58,	640	4	0,584	3,81,462	
1921–22		18,838	58,	802	4	0,552	3,73,247	
1922-23	••	18,84	7 58,	861	4	0,429	3,71,272	
1923–24	••	18,866	58,	913	40,567		3,71,803	
1924–25		18,23	1 56,	56,316		1,439	3,78,525	
Year	Rs. 25 exceed	paying but not ing Rs.	Holders Rs. 100 exceed	but n	ot	Holde above	ers paying e Rs. 500	
`	No.	Amount paid	No	Amo pai		No.	Amount paid	
	6	7	8	9		10	11	
1920-21	11,225	3,65,791	567	79,4	<b>5</b> 8	9	6,202	
1921-22	10,975	3,64,521	506	82,4	08	11	6,583	
1922-23	11,027	3,64,778	497	82,2	14	10	5,855	
1923-24	10,951	10,40,790	493	86,5	17	4	2,480	
1924-25	11,028	3,63,440	491	87,3	98	4	2,482	
			<u> </u>					

#### AGRICULTURAL LOANS.

The following is a statement showing the different kinds Agriculof loans sanctioned and the amounts actually advanced tural loans. during the years 1920-21 to 1924-25:—

	Takavi		Takavi Land Improvement		Irrigation Wells		
Year	Amount sanctioned	Amount dis- bursed	Amount sanc- tioned	Amount dis- bursed	Amount sanc-	Amount dis-	Remarks
1920–21	7,220	7,075	4,325	4,325	2,050	2,050	
1921–22	9,900	10,000	4,775	5,150	••	• •	Included un- der Land
1922-23	5,875	5,875	3,900	3,400	••	••	improve- ment.
1923-24	3,575	3,575	3,125	2,325	9,345	7,800	
1924–25	400	500	100	200	400	325	A sum of Rs. 6,950 was disburs- ed for flood relief.

## IRRIGATION.

There are 169 major and 180 minor tanks in the District, Tanks. of which 152 major and 107 minor tanks are restored. There are no private enterprise tanks in the District.

M. GR. VOL. V.

The following table shows the distribution of major and minor tanks according to taluks:—

	Num	ber of tanks	Major	Number of Minor tanks		
<b>Faluk</b>	Restored	Un-restored	Total	Restored	Un-restored	Total
1. Chitaldrug 2. Challakere 3. Hiriyur 4. Molakalmuru 5. Davangere 6. Holalkere 7. Jagalur 8. Hosdurga 9. Harihar	22 49 20 10 13 14 5 17	 8 2  1  6	22 57 22 10 14 14 23 2	14 10 15 7 15 11 18 13 4	7 5 10 2 10 26 1 12	21 15 25 9 25 37 19 25 4
Total	152	17	169	107	73	180

Oil engines.

There are four oil engines installed for lifting water for agricultural purposes, three at Harihar and one at Muttagadur in the Holalkere taluk. Three more engines have been set up during the recent years at Pandarahally and Chikkandanahally in the Chitaldrug taluk and Obalapur in the Challakere taluk.

# FORESTS.

Area.

The State Forests cover an area of 358 square miles and plantations, one square mile.

Forest produce.

Kagli, Udi, Dindiga and Karachi are some of the species met with in the forests. Some bamboos and small teak grow on the Jogimatti hills. There are extensive grazing grounds in Challakere, Holalkere, Hosdurga and other parts of the District. Tangadi bark is produced in large quantities. Sandal is also extracted but only in very small quantities.

# MINES AND QUARRIES.

## See under Geology.

#### ARTS AND MANUFACTURE.

The chief arts and manufactures of the District are :-

Chief Arts and manufactures of the District.

- 1. Cotton Ginning and Pressing.
- 2. Weaving of Kamblies.
- 3. Weaving cotton.
- 4. Weaving Silk Fabrics.
- 5. Others such as shoe-making, manufacture of glass jewels, etc.

The following statement shows the description and number of industrial concerns using power or employing more than ten persons in the District:—

• •	• •	3
••	• •	1
••		<b>2</b>
• •		<b>2</b>
••	• •	1
••	• •	$2^{-}$
• •	• •	10
• •	• •	16
••	• •	8
• •	••	6
••	• •	1
• •	• • •	• 2
••	••	1
• • •	• •	2
stries	• •	6
Total	• •	<b>63</b>
	stries	stries

Davangere is the only place in the whole of the State Ginning and where cotton is ginned with the help of the machinery on a large scale.

Weaving of Kamblies.

The weaving of kamblies is carried on all over the District but those made at Yemmachatti and Hampapur in the Chitaldrug Taluk, Davangere and a few surrounding villages, Halekal in the Jagalur taluk and Haralahalli and Halivana in the Harihar sub-taluk are very fine and have more than a local reputation.

Weaving of Cotton cloths.

The weaving of cotton cloths is carried on in all the taluks. The weavers use only hand-looms. Coarse cloths are made by the Ādi-Drāvidas. At Chitaldrug, Hosdurga, Molakalmuru and Harihar, fine articles such as towels, punches, bedsheets and sashes are made. Checks are also made in Hosdurga, Chitaldrug and Molakalmuru towns.

Silk weaving.

The weaving of pure silk cloth is mostly confined to Mola-kalmuru. The weaving industry of Molakalmuru has a Provincial reputation and nearly half the population of the town is engaged in it. The chief articles produced are Vastrams, Women's cloths (Sadies and Kuppasas) and Magatams.

At Hosdurga, Harihar and other places, cloths prepared out of what is locally known as *Vude Reshme* (mercerised cotton) are made. They are not so valuable as those made of pure silk and soon lose colour. Cloths of very good designs are made and are readily sold.

The following is a list of Large Industrial Establishments in the District:—

Name of Establishment	Class or Description of Industry	Average number of persons employed daily	Whether worked by Mechanical Power or Hand Power
Chitaldrug.  1. Laxminarayana Ginning Factory. 2. Wests' Patent Ginning and Pressing Factory.	Ginning Ginning and Pressing	40 50	Mechanical Power. do

 ${\bf List \, of \, Large \, Industrial \, Establish ments in \, the \, District.} -concld.$ 

Name of Establishment	Class or of In			Average number of persons employed daily	Whether worked by Mechanical Power or Hand Power
Chitaldrug—concld. 3. Nooroji's Ginning and Pressing Factory.	Ginning	and	Pressing	50	Mechanical Power.
Davangere. 4. Hassanmia & Co.'s	Do	••	••	50	do
Ginning Factory. 5. Mr. H. Subba Rao's	Do		••	40	dο
Ginning Factory.  6. Raghunatha Ginning	Do	••		25	do
Factory. 7. Basavannappa's Gin-	Do	• •	••	25	do
ning Factory.  8. Mahalakshmi Ginning Factory of Messrs. Brahmappa Thava-	Do	••	••	60	do
nappanavaru. 9. Hiralal Mohanlal's	Do		••	25	do
Ginning Factory.  10. Balappa Bondaday's	Do	••	••	25	do
Ginning Factory.  11. R. Hanumantha and Shadaksharappa's Ginning and Pressing	Do		••	60	do
Factory. 12. Tadapatri Cotton Press.	Pressing	;	••	40	do
13. Gamodia Press	Do			60	do
14. Swadeshi Mills Gin-	Ginning	•••	••	40	, do
ning Factory.  15. Herjibhoy's Ginning	Do	٠	• •	40	do
Factory. 16. B. S. Athni & Co.'s	Do	٠.		40	do
Ginning Factory.  17. Messrs. Brahmappa Thavanappanavar's Oil Mills.	Oil Ext	ract	ion	30	do

Small industries which are practised in almost all the Rural villages are carpentry, iron-smithy, pottery, shoe-making. industries Manufacture of glass bangles is carried on at Molakalmuru.

The chief centre of trade in the District is Davangere where commerce a large volume of business is carried on in cotton, oil-seeds, wool, piece-goods, grain, etc. Next in importance is the town

of Chitaldrug where trade is almost confined to grain, cotton and piece-goods.

Imports and Exports.

The chief articles that are exported from the District are:—Ragi, Jolam, Cotton, Oil-seeds, Sugar and the principal articles imported are Rice, Sugar and Jaggery.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

The following is a return of Exports and Imports carried by Railway expressed in Railway Maunds:—

		Ra	ıgi	Pad	ldy
Stations	Expo	Export		Export	Import
1	2		3	4	5
Holalkere Chikjajur Sasalu Mayakonda Kodaganur Tolahunse Davangere Harihar		15 0 0 0 0 0	Mds 47 41 2,402 2,490	  4 8 	Mds
	<del> </del>	Rice		Jolt	<del></del>
Stations	Export	Export In		Export	Import
	6		7	8	9
Hosdurga Ramagiri Holalkere Chickjajur Sasalu Mayakonda Kodaganur Tolahunse Davangere Harihar  Total	Mds 381 6 140	Mds. 15 150 11 90 6 14,635		Mds. 227 31,126 89,704 30,908 6,498 1,886 1,100 52 198,000 17,611	Mds 1,875
	527	15	,027	383,112	1,875

# EXPORTS AND IMPORTS—concld.

		Cotto	n	Oil-s	eeds	
Stations		Export	Import	Export	Import	
		10	11	12	13	
Hosdurga Ramagiri Holalkere Chickjajur Sasalu Mayakonda Kodaganur Tolahunse Davangere Harihar		Mds 412 3,400 241 378 11 15 2,10,257	Mds 23,000	Mds. 772 3,717 36,06 1,534 1,069 55,504	Mds. Srs. 13 30 10,911 0 10,924 30	
T	otal	2,14,714	23,000	66,202 10,924 30 Jaggery		
		Suga		Jaggery		
Statio	ns	Export	Import	Export	Import	
		14	15	16	17	
Hosdurga Ramagiri Holalkere Chickjajur Sasalu Mayakonda Kodaganur Tolahunse Davangere Harihar		Mds 24 13,298	Mds. 380 25 296 50 27,902	Mds, 250 45	Mds. Srs. 56 10 175 0 431 0 5 0 1,216 0	
Tot	tal	13,322	28,653	295	1,883 10	

Marts.

The largest weekly fairs are the following:

Place	Taluk		Day		Number of visitors	
Davangere Chitaldrug Harihar Jagalur	Davangere Chitaldrug Davangere Jagalur	•••	Sunday Monday Tuesday Saturday		2,000 1,000 2,000 2,000	

## MEANS OF COMMUNICATION.

Railways.

The Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway from Bangalore to Poona runs through the west of the District, from south to north-west for about 52 miles, not far from the boundary. There are stations at Hosdurga Road, Ramagiri, Holalkere, Chickjajur, Sasalu, Mayakonda, Kodaganur, Tolahunse, Davangere and Harihar.

From Chikjajur station, a Mysore Government branch line has been opened by the Mysore State, connecting it with Chitaldrug town. The total distance is 21 miles. There are two intermediate stations at Amritapur and Haliyur.

Roads.

The State Fund roads in the District have a total length of 220 miles and cost for up-keep Rs. 33,825 yearly. The District Fund roads cover 295½ miles and are maintained at an annual expense of Rs. 30,000. Particulars are given below of the length and cost of each:—

## State Fund Roads.

No.	Name of road	Miles	Cost
1 2 3 4 7 5	Salem-Bellary Road Bangalore-Dharwar Road via Chitaldrug Chitaldrug-Bhadrāvathi Road Shimoga-Harihar Road Hiriyur-Vanivilasapura Road Total	89 74 29 17 11	Rs. 15,575 11,500 4,350 1,700 1,100

District Fund Roads.

No.	Name of road	Miles	Cost
			Re.
1	Hiriyur-Huliyar Road	231	2,350
	Challakere-Pavagada Road	28	2,100
$\frac{2}{3}$	Challakere-Naikanhatti-Jagalur Road	29	2,900
	Hongal-Royadurga Road	6	750
4 5	Hongal-Uluvasankanahalli Road	5	375
o a	Chitaldrug-Challakere Road	18	3,600
6	Vizapur-Oojani Road	31	3,100
7 8 9	Davangere-Hadady Road	15	1,500
0	Davangere-Anaji-Jagalur Road	31	4,650
	Anaji-Hutchangidurga Road	2	80
10	Harihar-Harapanhalli Road	7	700
11	Anegodu-Kodaganur Railway Feeder	5	350
12	Road.		,
10	Bharmagiri-Hosdurga Road	201	2,025
13	Road from Vani Vilas Sagara to Bhar-	3	150
14	mageri-Hosdurga Road.		ĺ
15	Holalkere-Huliyar Road	39	3,060
15	Biderkere-Hosdurga Road	6	6 <b>0</b> 0
16 17	Chennagiri-Malebennur Road	21	250
	Sûlekere-Solalu Road	5	500
18	Tarikere-Hosdurga Road	10	750
19	Road leading to Ranikere	2	100
20	Kachavar lake Road	7	110
21	WHOTHARL INKO LODGE		]
	Total	295 <del>1</del>	30,000

Europeans travelling in the District find accommodation Accommodain the Dak Baunglows built at the stations named below. tion for Travellers. All have vegetarian and non-vegetarian kitchens attached thereto. The following are the different classes of bungalows, etc., in the District:-

		Rest				
Taluk	lst class	2nd class	3rd class	Musafir- khanas	Houses	
1. Chital- drug.	Chital- drug.	••	Bharma- sagara.	Chitaldrug Bharma- sagara.	Kallahalli	
2. Challa- kere.	••	Challa- kere.	Vijapura. ( Tallak	Vijapura Tallak.		
		Kere.	Naikana- hatti.	Challakere.		
			Parasu- rampur.	Hirehally.		

List of the different classes of bungalows, etc.—concld.

	T			galows, etc.		
Taluk		Rest				
	lst class	2nd class	3rd class	Musafir- khanas	Houses	
3. Hiri- yur.	Hiriyur	••	Aiman- gala. Yaraballi		Dharma- pura.	
			Javana- gondana halli.	halli. Imangala. Marikanve		
4. Holal- kere.	••	••	Chik- jajur.	Yaraballi. Holalkere	goudana-	
			Holalkere	Archalli- hatti.	halli. Kotgi Sesha chatram Chik-	
5. Davan- gere.	Davan- gere.	••	Anagodu	Davangere	jajur. Anaji.	
6. Hari- har Sub- Taluk.	Haribar	••	Maleben- nur.	Kodaganur Musafir- khana.		
7. Hos- durga.	••	· • •	Hos- durga Road near Mallap-	Hosdurga Road near Mallappana halli.		
			pana- halli. Hos- durga,	Hosdurga. Budihal.		
8. Molkal- muru.		••	Molkal- muru. Hangal. Rampura. Bhamgiri Buildings.	Molkalmuru Hangal Bomma- gondana- kere. Rampura.	Amakundi Tham- mena- halli. Hangal	
9. Jaga-			Bomma- gondana- kere. Jagalur	Devasamu- dra. Jagalur.	Raya- durga Road.	
141.				Bilichodu. Bidarkere. Godima- kunti.		

## FAMINES.

There was no famine in any part of the District during Chitaldrug the past 40 years. A somewhat severe distress prevailed in it during 1908-09. Relief measures were adopted extensively to alleviate the same.

## SECTION IV-ADMINISTRATIVE.

#### DIVISIONS.

The Chitaldrug District is divided into 8 taluks and one Taluks and sub-taluk. The following statement gives details regarding Sub-Taluk. area, population, number of villages, etc:—

			Number of villages and towns			Popu-
Taluk	Area in Square miles	No. of Hoblis	Government	Inam	Population in 1921	lation per square mile
1. Chitaldrug	530-42	4	179	9	98,259	185
2. Challakere	796.36	4	188	3	85,556	107
3. Hiriyur	635.21	4	152	4	69,960	110
4. Holalkere	406.75	4	193	1	61,133	150
5. Davangere		4	171	5	76,501	
6. Harihar Sub- Taluk.	556.72	2	84	2	38,418	
7. Molakalmuru	294.00	2	92	5	36,483	124
8. Jagalur	<b>37</b> 2·67	3	170	1	51,445	138
9. Hosdurga	567·49	4	226	6	56,424	99

There are two Revenue Sub-Divisions, (1) Chitaldrug Sub-Divi-Sub-Division, comprising the taluks of Chitaldrug, Challakere sions.